

1	Thanks to its strategic position between Milan and Venice along the A4 motorway, served by regional and high-speed trains and four airports, Brescia is the ideal starting point for an unforgettable holiday.
2	You can reach the city of Brescia from Bergamo Orio al Serio airport with “Autostradale bus” service which arrives to SIA bus station in Brescia.
3	The Bergamo Orio al Serio international airport is located about km 50 from Brescia. It’s one of Ryanair’s European hubs and it connects Italy to the main European cities with low-cost flights.
4	Valerio Catullo international airport in Verona Villafranca is located about 60 km from Brescia. It connects Verona to Italian cities such as Rome, Naples, and Palermo and to international destinations.
5	Brescia is located in a strategic position along the Milan-Venice railway. It is served by both regional and high-speed trains.
6	The mountains of Brescia are snow, fun, and relaxation. The province’s ski resorts offer many opportunities to have fun or just take a well-deserved break.
7	Brescia is a land of never-ending surprises. With dozens of castles, the province of Brescia is the place to be to learn about medieval fortifications, historic battles.
8	The castle of Brescia dominates the city and the surrounding area from the top of a hill. It is located in a strategic position on the Cidneo hill and it is easily reachable with a 15-minute walk from the historic centre.

9	The Province of Brescia is one of Italy's most diverse regions, and the largest in Lombardy. Each unique area has its own history to discover.
10	Bus, light rail, taxi, and sustainable mobility: Brescia's transportation services take you to the best spots in the city and connect you to the lakes and all the corners of the province.
11	Brescia has an ever-growing system of bike lanes which enable bikers to easily move through the city centre and reach the surrounding villages and towns.
12	"Bicimia" is Brescia's bike sharing service. It enables you to rent a bike, use it for as long as you need, and leave it at any bike stations in the city.
13	In the Roman Brescia Archaeological Park, located along Via Musei near Piazza del Foro, you can admire the Capitoline Temple and the Roman Theatre.
14	One of Brescia's culinary must-try dishes is "casoncelli bresciani", a stuffed pasta, much appreciated throughout northern Italy and by foreign tourists.
15	Located just steps from Brescia and Lake Iseo, the area called Franciacorta is famous for its wine production, the "Franciacorta DOCG".
16	Brescia, with its historic charm, attracts both investors and tourists.

17	<p>Franciacorta's natural landscape is ideal for practicing outdoor sports such as biking, trekking, walking, nordic walking and even golf.</p>
18	<p>"Franciacorta Outlet" is located in Rodengo Saiano and is built as a village with stores offering the best brands at a discounted price, in true outlet style.</p>
19	<p>Franciacorta is only 30 minutes away from Milan-Bergamo Orio al Serio Airport. The airport has a car rental service on site.</p>
20	<p>The most convenient way to reach Franciacorta is by car. The area is served by Autostrada A4 Milan-Venice motorway.</p>
21	<p>Brescia and its province are widely recognised as a land of great culinary tradition and artistry. This year as well, several restaurants and pastry shops were listed in the most accredited national food guides.</p>
22	<p>The prestigious Michelin Guide confirms last year's recognitions: there are 59 awarded restaurants in Lombardy, the Italian region with the most stars. Among these, there are 13 Brescian restaurants.</p>
23	<p>Public buses in Brescia are organized along 16 routes which serve every area of the city and 14 adjacent municipalities.</p>
24	<p>BresciaWiFi is the hotspot service offered by the City of Brescia to navigate for free in many areas of the city and the old centre.</p>

25	<p>Mille Miglia: the most beautiful race in the world starts in Brescia. Thanks to this vintage car race, Brescia has become known everywhere in the world.</p>
26	<p>Mille Miglia is a race reserved to cars built between 1927 and 1957. Every year, it attracts thousands of car lovers from all over the world, especially during the car control procedures which are performed in the historic streets and squares of Brescia.</p>
27	<p>The Santa Giulia Museum Bookshop, located next to the ticket office, offers a wide selection of books dedicated to the museum, as well as a rich selection of merchandise.</p>
28	<p>Every year in June, Brescia hosts the “Festa della Musica”, the largest music festival in Italy. This unique event extends to every corner of the city and is a colourful festival of sounds open to musicians of all ages, origins and musical genres.</p>
29	<p>The province of Brescia is the largest in Lombardy; its 4.782 km<sup>2</sup> make up a fifth of the region.</p>
30	<p>With its clear, clean and warm water, sunny beaches, mild climate and Mediterranean vegetation, Lake Garda is like a small sea set between the Alps and the Lombardy plain.</p>
31	<p>The lakes of Garda, Iseo and Idro are known all over Europe for sailing and windsurfing, not only for swimming.</p>
32	<p>Of all the many events held in Brescia, the most famous is without doubt the historic Mille Miglia, the car race from Brescia to Rome and back for cars built between 1927 and 1957.</p>

33	The statue of the XVIth century Brescian painter Alessandro Bonvicino, known as Moretto, was inaugurated in 1898 in Piazza della Loggia. The statue, which is the work of the sculptor Domenico Ghidoni, shows the great artist with a palette and paintbrushes.
34	The city of Brescia lies at the foot of the hills below the Pre-Alps, bordering on the Po Plain.
35	At the end of the 18th century, the French army led by Napoleon put an end to Venetian rule, so Brescia became part of the Cisalpine Republic and of the Regno d'Italia.
36	Dedicated to the city's mayor from 1948 to 1975, "Piazza Bruno Boni" was inaugurated at the end of 1998. It is surrounded by recently restored buildings that once included the ancient Hotel Gambero and the Teatro Sociale.
37	Sirmione, the jewel of the southern shore, is, without doubt, one of the most popular locations on Lake Garda.
38	Lake Garda is a popular destination for holidaymakers from all over Europe. Germans, Austrians and Dutch are particularly attracted to the combination of lakes, mountains, Italian cuisine and sun.
39	Riva del Garda is one of the main lakeside towns. A walk around the old centre with its squares and traditional hotels near the lakefront is an attractive way to spend a couple of hours.
40	Lake Garda has been called one of the best mountain-biking locations in Europe. There are good networks of mountain biking trails all around the lake, with maybe only the southern coast not being as suited to the sport.

41	Sirmione's Thermal Baths are famous for their relaxing waters. Here, you can enjoy a thermal bath surrounded by beautiful landscapes on Lake Garda, giving yourself a unique experience of peace and well-being
42	Brescia and its province offer a wide range of alternatives for public and private conferences, meetings, demonstrations and lectures. There are many congressional - centres and there are also many hotels equipped for big meetings.
43	The area of the lake Garda is approximately 370 square kilometers, making it the largest lake in Italy. Lake Maggiore is the second biggest lake in Italy, with a total surface area of 213 square kilometers.
44	Welcome to Brescia, the pearl of Lombardy! As soon as you're off the train, walk through its streets until you reach the beautiful "Piazza del Duomo".
45	From any point of the city, it is pretty much impossible not to notice the imposing Brescia Castle, one of the largest in Italy.
46	The Castel of Brescia has many towers built in different times: they were used to control the roads that led to the city.
47	The "Specola Cidnea" is an important astronomical observatory. It is open every Friday night to reveal the wonders of the night sky with its powerful telescope.
48	Coming down from the Castle of Brescia, you approach ancient ruins: "The Capitolium", the city's Roman temple with its magnificent columns.

49	With its welcoming round shape, the “Duomo Vecchio” is the guardian of lots of wonderful art pieces that tell the story of Brescia.
50	In the “Santa Giulia” museum, not far from the castle that overlooks the whole city, there are a lot of precious treasures.
51	Inside the “Santa Giulia” complex you can find a gorgeous museum, a place where you can retrace the history of Brescia all the way from ancient times right up until today.
52	The “Mille Miglia” is a race that took place years and years ago: starting from Brescia, racers drove to Rome and back again, covering the very long distance that gives the race its name.
53	Years and years ago, the “Mille Miglia” Race was open to all the cars: however, these days, anyone wanting to compete in the Mille Miglia can use classic cars only.
54	The modern “Mille Miglia” race is a way to showcase amazing classic cars in action across Italy.
55	Sirmione has always been a place where you can admire the lake and enjoy a lovely holiday.
56	Sirmione is also famous for its relaxing thermal water, which even the Romans knew about.

57	In San Martino della Battaglia, not far from Sirmione, there is a large tower where you can admire the whole landscape.
58	The high tower of San Martino della Battaglia was erected by King Vittorio Emanuele II and commemorates the valiant efforts of Italians during the Risorgimento.
59	Brescia is famous for its industrial past and for its role as a major manufacturing centre: numerous factories produce weapons.
60	The Mille Miglia, which started in Brescia, was one of the world's top automobile races until 1977. It is commemorated in a museum of automobile history in the monastic complex of Santa Eufemia della Fonte.
61	The historic centre of Brescia has an active shopping district, with numerous clothing and jewellery stores.
62	Lake Garda is the largest in Italy. Its wider part to the south is surrounded by morainic hills that were left following the glacier recession, while the narrow northern part is enclosed by the mountains that create its fjord-shape configuration.
63	Given the intense colour of its water with a marked shade of blue, Lake Garda is a unique spot where visitors and guests can enjoy a holiday full of relaxation, sports and fun.
64	The water of the Lake Garda is colder than the air in summer and warmer in winter.

65	Desenzano is a charming village and a very popular bathing resort. An optimum point for trips and excursions, Desenzano presents a particularly rich artistic, historic and archaeological heritage.
66	In the last years, Desenzano has become the Garda locality best known for its vitality and entertainment opportunities, above all it's nightlife, thanks to the numerous varieties of restaurants, bars, discobars and discotheques.
67	Just 15 minutes by train from Lake Garda, Brescia is located in an extremely favourable location between the hills, lakes and vast plains, which has made it the second largest city in Lombardy in population and economic importance.
68	Brescia offers the visitor the pleasure and charm of walking through beautiful squares, arcades and palaces to reach one of the largest Roman archaeological sites in northern Italy.
69	Known to everyone as " the pearl of the islands and peninsulas" thanks to Catullo, Sirmione is famous for it's thermal water with its healing properties.
70	In the Pontedilegno-Tonale ski area, there are lots of fun things for skiers and non-skiers, adults and children, sports enthusiasts and holiday-makers looking for sun and relaxation.
71	Mount Adamello is a mountain in the Alps whose peak reaches an altitude of 3,554 metres above sea level. Here is home to the largest glacier in Italy, a favourite destination for climbers and alpine skiers.
72	The Stelvio National Park has a large variety of flora and fauna; the size of the area and the different altitudes favour the development of biodiversity.

73	Mount Adamello's peak was scaled for the first time in the middle of the nineteenth century and is still a popular destination for many Climbers.
74	Holidays in the mountains with children are occasions to spend time together, far from daily life and the stress of the city;
75	The Adamello Glacier attracted the attention of climatologists at the beginning of last century and today it is still studied by organisations that monitor the melting of glacier ice around the world.
76	Excursions on the Adamello Glacier take trained climbers to discover a wild and unique natural environment.
77	On the border between Lombardy and Trentino Alto Adige, Passo Tonale is an open and panoramic natural amphitheatre that ranges from 1,884 to 3,100 metres above sea level.
78	In the summer Passo Tonale is the ideal departure point for walks, Alpine excursions and trips by mountain bike.
79	Ponte di Legno, with its refined elegance, has been able to maintain its mountain village charm over time.
80	The Pontedilegno-Tonale Ski Area provides special services for families: organised activities, theme parks and discounts for children.

81	<p>Italia in Rosa is the most important Italian event dedicated to rosé wines and chiacetto. The 2024 edition of Italia in Rosa will take place in the enchanting setting of Moniga del Garda castle.</p>
82	<p>Every year, from May to September, Franciacorta hosts the “Franciacorta Summer Festival on the Road”. Four months of initiatives ranging from food&amp;wine experiences, sports, nature, and art in the most charming corners of this region.</p>
83	<p>Franciacorta DOCG is an extremely high quality wine which offers excellent pairing options throughout the whole meal.</p>
84	<p>Today the Archaeological Park of Roman Brescia represents the largest and best preserved Roman archaeological area in northern Italy and is proof of the importance that Brescia had achieved during the Roman domination.</p>
85	<p>Brescia’s Castle stands on Cidneo hill and many Brescians consider it the symbol of the city. Suitable destination for everyone, it can be easily reached on foot from Brescia’s centre.</p>
86	<p>During the Napoleonic period, the Castle of Brescia, which had been in decline for some time, was used mainly as a prison.</p>
87	<p>The lion-like courage with which Brescia fought during the Risorgimento earned the city the title of “Leonesa d’Italia”.</p>
88	<p>The statue of Winged Victory was brought to light on the evening of 20th July 1826 during the excavation campaign initiated in 1823 in the “Capitolium “area in Brescia.</p>

89	The Bresciatourism consortium promotes tourism in the city and the province of Brescia at <a href="http://www.bresciatourism.it">www.bresciatourism.it</a> . This website provides information on reception capacity, territory, culture, restaurants, sports and well-being.
90	Monte Guglielmo is one of the most popular mountains in the whole province of Brescia for the variety of routes and the open views it offers.
91	There is a happy island awaiting bikers, surrounded by Lake Iseo and characterized by a rather tall mountain, a place where car traffic is almost non-existent and bicycles are the preferred means to get around. This place is called Monte Isola.
92	One of the most awaited mountain bike events starts in Iseo. Since its first edition in 2001, the Gimondibike has become an international off-roading event.
93	Franciacorta give bikers, who want to go on a quiet ride, the opportunity to admire historical places, convents, abbeys, churches and castles.
94	Iseo is served by the Brescia-Iseo-Edolo regional railway line which, crossing Franciacorta, connects the city to the eastern shore of Lake Iseo and the Camonica Valley. The train station is a 5-minute walk from the centre and the pier.
95	Brescia railway station is the main station of Brescia. The station, opened in 1854, lies on the Milan-Venice railway is currently managed by Rete Ferroviaria Italiana.
96	Brescia station was opened in April 1854 upon the inauguration of the Milan–Venice Railway. The passenger building is constructed in a neoclassical style and influenced by neo-Roman elements and medieval style fortifications.

97	The "Teatro Grande" of Brescia was recognized as a national monument over 100 years ago. This architectural jewel in the City of Brescia is not only a must-see for the locals, but also for visitors.
98	A 300-year long history. This is Brescia's Teatro Grande, located in the heart of the old centre where the first public theatre of the city was opened in 1664.
99	Listed as one of the most important Italian theatres and recognised as national monument in 1912, Brescia's Teatro Grande has a rich season, with performances ranging from opera and ballet to concerts, dance, cultural initiatives, and children programmes.
100	The new Mille Miglia Museum was opened to the public in November 2004. The Museum is dedicated to the 'Red Arrow' race and is located in the monastic complex of Sant'Eufemia, owned by the Municipality of Brescia.
101	Since 1927, the 1000 Miglia has been identified with the city of its origins: Brescia. The place that is past, present and future, soul and heart of the race, starting point and finishing line since its first edition.
102	The Teatro Grande has been managed by the Fondazione Teatro Grande di Brescia since 2010. The main objectives are promoting tradition, supporting contemporaneity, creating a multi-disciplinary approach, and attracting the young.
103	The Pinacoteca Tosio Martinengo collection was formed between the nineteenth and twentieth centuries thanks to the generosity of private citizens who donated their collections and to the care the Municipality put into collecting and preserving artworks and historical memories.
104	The impressive Piazza della Loggia is a symbol of Brescia's civic pride.

105	Ancient city walls narrate Brescia's medieval history.
106	Brescia hosts the iconic Mille Miglia car race.
107	Brescia's ancient Foro Romano holds secrets of its Roman past.
108	Brescia's rich religious heritage is embodied in the San Salvatore and Santa Giulia complex.
109	Don't miss the historical charm of the Broletto, Brescia's medieval town hall.
110	Dominating Brescia's skyline, the iconic "Torre della Pallata" echoes the city's medieval history, standing tall as a symbol of endurance through the ages.
111	Visit Brescia's nice Botanical Garden, a calm place with lots of different plants and trees in the middle of the city.
112	Take a walk in Brescia's pretty Ducos Park, a green area where you can relax and enjoy nature in the city.

113	Walk down “Via dei Musei” in Brescia, a street with lots of museums and galleries, to see cool art and learn interesting things about the city.
114	Brescia's Civic Tower, “Torre del Pegol”, is a tall tower that has been watching over the city for a very long time.
115	Brescia's vibrant nightlife spreads across popular areas such as Via dei Musei and Via San Faustino, offering diverse entertainment options for residents and visitors.
116	Brescia's commitment to sustainability is evident in initiatives like bike-sharing programs and green spaces, fostering an eco-friendly urban environment.
117	Visiting Brescia means enjoying a true travel experience: it's a combination of emotions and adrenaline, of a wide range of outdoor activities and breathtaking landscapes
118	Brescia’s Castle hosts the first example of train monument in Italy, the “Numero 1”. It’s a locomotive which was once used on the Brescia-Edolo railway line.
119	In Brescia, “Parco dell’ Acqua” is a true oasis of peace and nature. It’s a beautiful 12.000 square meters public park located close to the historical center of Brescia.
120	An event not to be missed in Brescia is the traditional feast-market, which takes place every year on February 15 <sup>th</sup> . The market is dedicated to Saint Faustino, the city’s patron saint.

121	In Brescia, Piazza della Loggia is one of the most beautiful Venetian style squares. Its construction was initiated in 1433 by Marco Foscari and its completion took over a century.
122	In Brescia, "Palazzo della Loggia" was started in 1492 and finished circa 1570 and it is a symbol of the city and main office of the City Council.
123	The Risorgimento Museum of Brescia tells the story of the Italian Risorgimento with particular regard to Brescian history and the episode of the "Dieci Giornate" in which the city fought heroically against the Austrian army.
124	In Brescia spring is a synonym of Mille Miglia, the "Most beautiful race in the world" according to Enzo Ferrari. Over 400 vintage cars built between 1927 and 1957 come from 30 countries worldwide to liven the city with their colours, like every year.
125	The "Vittoriale degli Italiani" is a monumental complex created by the eclectic mind of poet Gabriele D'Annunzio and it's one of the top tourist attractions on Lake Garda.
126	Brescia's Castle is a medieval fortress, a symbol of the city and a romantic location from where to admire an extraordinary view of the city and unforgettable sunsets.
127	Brescia's rich culture shines through its various museums and historical architecture, documenting centuries of art and history.
128	Brescia, with a population of almost 200,000 inhabitants, it is the second largest city in Lombardy and the fourth largest city in northwest Italy.

129	<p>"521 Brixia" is an asteroid orbiting in the asteroid belt that was discovered by American astronomer Raymond Smith Dugan. The name derives from Brixia, the ancient name of the Italian city of Brescia.</p>
130	<p>Il centro storico di Brescia possiede un notevole patrimonio artistico e archeologico, costituito da vari monumenti che vanno dall'età antica a quella contemporanea. <b>ANNULLATA</b></p>
131	<p>"521 Brixia" is a large asteroid orbiting between Mars and Jupiter in the asteroid belt.</p>
132	<p>Brescia's urban public transport serves the city of Brescia and 14 surrounding municipalities using 16 lines, 17 during the summer. The service is available 365 days a year.</p>
133	<p>Brescia's Limited Traffic Zone is an area of the city centre where access and movement are limited to particular categories of users and vehicles.</p>
134	<p>The Brescia underground operates from 5 am until midnight throughout the week and every Saturday the service is extended until 1 am (except on public holidays).</p>
135	<p>"Bike Point Brescia" is a space entirely dedicated to the world of cycling, sustainable mobility and all those who are interested in alternative mobility services.</p>
136	<p>"Bicimia" is an innovative bike sharing system dedicated to all citizens, commuters and tourists who want to move around Brescia on bicycles in a simple and sustainable way.</p>

137	<p>“BicinaMia” is the free bike sharing service for all children aged between 5 and 12 years, an effort by Brescia Mobilità Group to dedicate an entire service on two wheels to kids.</p>
138	<p>The Brescia subway takes about 30 minutes to travel the entire route between the two terminals at Prealpino and Sant'Eufemia.</p>
139	<p>“Bresciapp!” is the app that includes all the information necessary to fully experience the city of Brescia, perfect both for residents and tourists.</p>
140	<p>The “InfoPoints” for Tourism and Mobility offer as a multilingual information and assistance service covering both the city's mobility services and how to best get to know and experience Brescia.</p>